

Base from U.S. Geological Survey

Nogales, 1956 (1969); Tucson, 1956 (1977)

grained biotite granodiorite and granite

Mylonitic rocks (Early Miocene and Oligocene)--Mylonitic gneiss and schist exposed beneath Catalina and Picacho detachment faults. Formed by Tertiary mylonitization of Proterozoic crystalline rocks and Tertiary granitoid rocks Sedimentary rocks (Oligocene and latest Eocene) -- Conglomerate, sandstone, siltstone, and lacaustrine rocks deposited prior to main pulse of middle Tertiary volcanism. Includes Whitetail Conglomerate, Pantano Formation, Mineta Formation (Dickson and Shafiqullah, 1989) and Three Links Conglomerate Peraluminous, generally muscovite-bearing granite (Eocene to Late Cretaceous)—Medium- to coarse-grained peraluminous granite with minor amounts of biotite, muscovite, and garnet. Associated with aplite and pegmatite. Includes Wilderness granite (Keith and others, 1980), Wrong Mountain Granite, granite of Derrio Canyon, Pan Tak Granite, and phases of Tea Cup Granodiorite and Texas Canyon Quartz Monzonite Granitoid rocks (Paleocene and Late Cretaceous)--Generally medium- to Granitoid rocks (Paleocene and Late Cretaceous)—Generally mediumfine-grained biotite-hornblende granodiorite, granite, diorite, and local gabbro.
Commonly porphyritic and associated with copper minerlization. Includes Ruby Star
Granodiorite, Amole Granite (Brown, 1939), Texas Canyon Quartz Monzonite,
Leatherwood quartz Diorite (Bromfield, 1952), granodiorite of Chirreon Wash,
quartz monzonite of Mineral Butte, granite of Sacaton Peak, Copper Creek
Granodiorite, and phases of Tea Cup Granodiorite

Sedimentary rocks (Paleocene and Late Cretaceous)—Conglomerate,
sandstone, siltstone, and shale, locally of a volcaniclastic nature. Includes Claflin
Ranch Formation (Richard and Courtright, 1960) and Cascabel formation

Intrusive rocks, undivided (Early Tertiary and Late Cretaceous)—Dikes. Intrusive rocks, undivided (Early Tertiary and Late Cretaceous)--Dikes, sills, and other intrusions of rhyolite to andesite. Includes Amole Latite (Brown, 1939) and porphyritic biotite rhyodacite in Comobabi Mountains Volcanic rocks, undivided (Paleocene and Late Cretaceous) --Andesitic, dacitic, and rhyolitic lava flows, pyroclastic rocks, and local subvolcanic intrusions. Includes Glory Hole Volcanics, Williamson Canyon Volcanics, Muleshoe volcanics, Roskruge Volcanics, and numerous units in the Tucson Mountains, such the Tucson Mountain Chaos (Courtright, 1958) and andesite megabreccia blocks hosted in a matrix of rhyolitic ash-flow tuff (Cat Mountain Rhyolite (Brown, 1939))

Volcanic rocks (Cretaceous)--Andesite flows and tuffs with intercalated diorite rocks and conglomerate. Rhyodacitic tuffs and flows locally intensely Granitoid rocks (Cretaceous)--Porphyritic granodiorite stocks Bisbee Group and related rocks (Early Late Cretaceous to Late Jurassic)—Sandstone, siltstone, shale, conglomerate, and limestone. Includes Glance Conglomerate and other units of Bisbee Group, Amole Arkose (Brown, 1939), Sand Wells Formation, and correlative rocks in Roskruge, Silver Bell, and Santa Rosa Mountains Sedimentary rocks, undifferentiated (Cretaceous and Jurasic)-Sandstone, siltstone, and conglomerate in Waterman Mountains. Probably contains rocks equivalent to units KJb and Js Sedimentary rocks (Jurassic)--Sandstone, siltstone, conglomerate, and their metamorphic equivalents, including phyllite, quartzite, and schist

Volcanic and sedimentary rocks, undivided (Jurassic)--Rhyolitic flows and tuff, andesitic to trachyand sitic flows and flow breccia, interbedded with mudstone, siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate. Includes Walnut Gap Volcanics and Sil Nakya and Cocoraque Formations Volcanic rocks (Jurassic)--Rhyolitic, dacitic, and andesitic volcanic flows, flow breccia, and tuff, with local sedimentary rocks Andesitic volcanic rocks (Jurassic)--Andesitic to trachyandesitic flows, flow breccia, tuff, and associated sedimentary rocks Granitoid rocks (Jurassic)--Coarse- to fine-grained granite, granodiorite, quartz syenite, syenodiorite, diorite, and rhyolite, rhyolite porphyry, and aplite intrusions Metamorphic rocks (Jurassic)--Schistose rocks of volcanic, sedimentary, and Sedimentary rocks, undifferentiated (Paleozoic)--Limestone, dolomite, sandstone, quartzite, siltstone, shale, and conglomerate, commonly metamorphosed Sedimentary rocks (Permian and Pennsylvanian)--Limestone, dolomite, sandstone, siltstone, and conglomerate of Naco Group

Sedimentary rocks (Pennsylvanian)—Limestone, dolomite, sandstone, silstone, and conglomerate of lower part of Naco Group. Includes Earp and Horquilla Formations Sedimentary rocks (Mississippian and Devonian)--Limestone and dolomite with minor shale, siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate. Includes Black Prince Formation, Escabrosa Limestone, and Martin Formation

Sedimentary rocks (Cambrian)—Quartzite, sandstone, shale, conglomerate, limestone, and dolomite. Includes Abrigo Formation and Bolsa Quartzite

Sedimentary rocks, undivided (Paleozoic and Middle Proterozoic)— Includes Paleozic sedimentary rocks and Proterozoic Apache Group, with local Diabase (Middle Proterozoic)--Dikes and sills of fine- to coarse-grained diabase and associated rocks Apache Group (Middle Proterozoic)--Quartzite, silstone, mudstone, limestone, Ya and conglomerate. Includes Troy Quartzite, Mescal Limestone, Dripping Spring Formation, and Pioneer Formation contain dikes of pegmatite, alaskite, and aplite Granite (Early Proterozoic) -- Undeformed to foliated, medium-grained granodiorite, granite, and quartz diorite. Includes 1.65 Ga Johnny Lyon

Granite (Middle Proterozoic)--Coarse- to medium-grained granite and granodiorite, commonly with megacrysts of K-feldspar. Includes 1.45 Ga Oracle Granite (Peterson, 1938), Ruin Granite, and Tungsten King Granite. Many outcrops Granodiorite and correlative rocks

Metamorphic rocks, undivided (Early Proterozoic)--Greenschist to
lower-amphibolite-facies metasedimentary, metavolcanic, metahypabyssal, and metaplutonic rocks Metasedimentary rocks (Early Proterozoic) -- Schist, phyllite, metasandstone, and quartzite, with some metaconglomerate and metavolcanic rocks

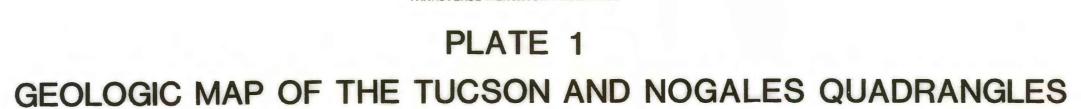
Metavolcanic rocks (Early Proterozoic)--Schist, greenstone, and foliated and metamorphosed rhyolitic, dacitic, and andesitic flows, flow breccia, and tuff

Fault—Bar and ball on downthrown side Low-angle normal fault-Hachures on upper plate Detachment fault—Hachures on upper plate Tectoni ed (ductile) contact-Teeth on upper plate Thrust fault—Teeth on upper plate Mafic composition Intermediate composition Felsic composition

Strike and dip of bedding Horizontal Strike and dip of foliation or schistosity Inclined Horizontal

ARIZONA

Scale 1:250,000 H H H CONTOUR INTERVAL 200 FEET WITH SUPPLEMENTARY CONTOURS AT 100 FOOT INTERVALS TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION



AREA OF MAP This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards or with the North American stratigraphic code. Any use of trade, product, or firm names is for descriptive purposes only and does not imply

endorsement by the U.S. Government.